

**CHEROKEE COUNTY  
NUISANCE AND  
ABATEMENT CODE**

**CREATED: APRIL 2026**



# CHEROKEE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

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## PROPOSED RESOLUTION

### **A RESOLUTION TO ESTABLISH NUISANCE AND ABATEMENT CODES FOR CHEROKEE COUNTY, KANSAS**

**WHEREAS**, K.S.A. 19-101 et seq. and K.S.A. 19-212 authorize the Board of County Commissioners to transact all county business and perform all powers of local legislation deemed appropriate and necessary for the governance and protection of the county; and

**WHEREAS**, K.S.A. 19-101 *et. Seq* and K.S.A. 19-212 authorize the Board of the County Commissioners to transact all County business and perform all powers of local legislation deemed appropriate, and to make all contracts and do all other acts in relation to the property and concerns of the county, necessary to the exercise of its corporate or administrative powers.

**WHEREAS**, K.S.A. 19-101d authorizes the Board of County Commissioners to create and enforce resolutions including civil, criminal, or equitable penalties.

**WHEREAS**, a hearing was held March 30<sup>th</sup>, 2026, for anyone wishing to protest the declaration.

**WHEREAS**, a notice of proposed resolution was published in the official newspaper of Cherokee County for a period of 30 days beginning March 25<sup>th</sup>, 2026.

**WHEREAS**, a copy of the proposed code was made available for inspection in the Cherokee County Clerk's Office beginning March 23<sup>rd</sup>, 2026.

**WHEREAS**, no petition has been filed or received within the 30 day period prescribed by K.S.A. 19-101d(b)(2).

**NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF  
CHEROKEE COUNTY, KANSAS,**

1. The Board of Commissioners of Cherokee County hereby adopts the "NUISANCE AND ABATEMENT CODES FOR CHEROKEE COUNTY, KANSAS" as attached to this resolution.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, this resolution shall be published once in the official county newspaper and shall be in effect from and after its date of publication.

**PASSED AND APPROVED** by the Board of County Commissioners of Cherokee County,  
Kansas this \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 2026.

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Myra Carlisle Frazier

Cherokee County Commissioner 1<sup>st</sup> District

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Jack Garner

Cherokee County Commissioner 2<sup>nd</sup> District

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Cory Moates

Cherokee County Commissioner 3<sup>rd</sup> District

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Taylor Brown

Clerk of Cherokee County

# CRIMINAL NUISANCE AND PROPERTY CONDITIONS CODE

## CHEROKEE COUNTY, KANSAS

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### **ARTICLE 1**

#### **AUTHORITY AND PURPOSE**

##### **Sec. 1-101 Authority**

This Code is adopted pursuant to K.S.A. 19-101 et seq. and K.S.A. 19-4701 et seq.

##### **Sec. 1-102 Purpose**

To protect public health, safety, and welfare by criminalizing hazardous property conditions and repeated criminal use of property.

##### **Sec. 1-103 Supplemental Authority**

This Code is supplemental to and independent of any other remedy or penalty provided by state law. Nothing in this Code shall be construed to limit, restrict, or preempt:

- (a) The authority of the State of Kansas to enforce any criminal statute;
- (b) The authority of any other governmental entity to enforce any applicable law, regulation, or code;
- (c) Any civil remedy available to any person under state or federal law; or
- (d) Any other power or authority of Cherokee County under K.S.A. 19-101 et seq. or K.S.A. 19-101a.

A prosecution or conviction under this Code shall not bar prosecution for the same conduct under state law, nor shall a prosecution or conviction under state law bar prosecution under this Code, to the extent permitted by the Kansas and United States Constitutions.

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### **ARTICLE 2**

#### **JURISDICTION**

##### **Sec. 2-101 Applicability**

This Code applies only to property and persons located within the unincorporated areas of Cherokee County, Kansas.

##### **Sec. 2-102 Incorporated Cities Excluded**

This Code shall not apply within the corporate limits of any incorporated city unless adopted by interlocal agreement or separate ordinance.

##### **Sec. 2-103 Location of Offense**

An offense occurs when the prohibited condition or criminal use exists on property located within the unincorporated area of Cherokee County.

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### **ARTICLE 3**

#### **DEFINITIONS**

**Sec. 3-101 Person**

Any individual, firm, agency, company, association, partnership, business trust, joint stock company, or corporation.

**Sec. 3-102 Property**

Any road, highway, park, public or private enclosure, lot or tract of land, whether vacant or occupied and all buildings, structures or facilities located thereon.

**Sec. 3-103 Public Officer**

“Public Officer” means any person designated by Cherokee County to administer or enforce this Code, including but not limited to:

- The Sheriff of Cherokee County and any deputy sheriff;
- Any code enforcement officer;
- Environmental or sanitation officers;
- Any other officer, employee, or agent of Cherokee County authorized by the Board of County Commissioners or their designee to investigate, inspect, issue notices, or take enforcement action under this Code.

**Sec. 3-104 Vehicle**

Any automobile, truck, tractor, or motorcycle originally built with an engine.

**Sec. 3-105 Inoperable Vehicle**

A vehicle that is junked, wrecked, wholly or partially dismantled, discarded, abandoned, not registered, or unable to operate under its own power, including vehicles with uninflated tires, missing wheels, mechanical defects, or unsafe condition. A vehicle temporarily inoperable for less than thirty (30) consecutive days shall not constitute an offense.

**Sec. 3-106 Building**

Any structure permanently affixed to land for shelter.

**Sec. 3-107 Structure**

Anything constructed requiring location on the ground.

**Sec. 3-108 Nuisance Accumulation**

Accumulation of appliances, scrap metal, lumber, plastic materials, furniture, rags, batteries, tires, rubber materials, garbage, rubbish, debris, filth, or waste which may create a fire hazard, create a health hazard, breed insects or vermin, reduce property value, or interfere with public comfort.

**Sec. 3-109 Dead Animal**

Any animal remaining on property longer than twenty-four (24) hours after death.

**Sec. 3-110 Obnoxious Vegetation**

Vegetation exceeding twelve (12) inches in height on lots of five (5) acres or less interfering with nearby persons.

**Sec. 3-111 Screening**

A fence or wall used to conceal inoperable vehicles that is at least six (6) feet in height, has openings not exceeding five percent (5%), is constructed of consistent materials, and is set back at least seventy-five (75) feet from roadways.

**Sec. 3-112 Dangerous Structure**

A structure that is likely to collapse, has failing structural components, is unsafe or unsanitary, lacks adequate sanitation, is unfit for habitation, or is abandoned for six months or more.

**Sec. 3-113 Criminal Nuisance Property**

Property used for repeated criminal conduct occurring two or more times within twelve (12) months.

**Sec. 3-114 Emergency Nuisance Condition**

A condition posing immediate threat to life, safety, or property.

**Sec. 3-115 Maintain**

To allow, permit, or fail to prevent.

**Sec. 3-116 Control**

Ownership, occupancy, management, or authority over property.

**Sec. 3-117 Repeated Criminal Activity**

Two or more criminal violations occurring on the same property within twelve (12) months.

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**ARTICLE 4**

**CRIMINAL PROPERTY CONDITIONS**

**Sec. 4-101 Criminal Nuisance Accumulation**

A person commits the offense of Criminal Nuisance Accumulation when such person:

1. Owns, occupies, manages, or otherwise exercises control over property; and
2. Knowingly maintains or permits the accumulation of materials including:
  - o Abandoned household appliances
  - o Scrap metal or ferrous materials
  - o Lumber, plastic materials, or furniture
  - o Rags, batteries, tires, or rubber materials
  - o Garbage, rubbish, debris, filth, or waste

and

3. Such accumulation:
  - (a) Creates a fire hazard;
  - (b) Creates a health hazard;
  - (c) Provides a breeding place for insects, vermin, or rodents;
  - (d) Reduces the value of nearby property; or
  - (e) Interferes with the comfort or well-being of the public.

A person acts knowingly when:

- They are aware of the accumulation; or

- The condition is so persistent or obvious that a reasonable person exercising control over the property would be aware of it.

Classification: **Class D County Offense**

**Sec. 4-102 Failure to Remove Dead Animals**

A person commits the offense of Failure to Remove Dead Animals when such person:

1. Owns, occupies, manages, or otherwise exercises control over property; and
2. Knowingly allows any dead animal to remain on such property for longer than twenty-four (24) hours after death.

A person acts knowingly when:

- They are aware of the presence of the dead animal; or
- The presence of the dead animal is so apparent that a reasonable person exercising control over the property would be aware of it.

Classification: **Class D County Offense**

**Sec. 4-103 Vegetation Violation**

A person commits the offense of Vegetation Violation when such person:

1. Owns, occupies, manages, or otherwise exercises control over property consisting of five (5) acres or less; and
2. Knowingly allows weeds, grasses, or vegetation exceeding twelve (12) inches in height; and
3. Such vegetation interferes with the health, convenience, or comfort of neighboring persons.

A person acts knowingly when:

- They are aware of the vegetation condition; or
- The condition is so persistent or obvious that a reasonable person would be aware of it.

Classification: **Class D County Offense**

**Sec. 4-104 Storage of Inoperable Vehicles**

A person commits the offense of Unlawful Storage of Inoperable Vehicles when such person:

1. Owns, occupies, manages, or otherwise exercises control over property; and
2. Knowingly maintains more than three (3) inoperable vehicles on such property; and
3. Such vehicles are not screened from ground-level view by a fence or wall that:
  - (a) Is at least six (6) feet in height;
  - (b) Has openings not exceeding five percent (5%);
  - (c) Is constructed of consistent materials; and
  - (d) Is set back at least seventy-five (75) feet from roadways.

4. Temporary inoperability of less than thirty (30) consecutive days shall not constitute an offense.

A person acts knowingly when:

- They are aware of the presence of the vehicles; or
- The condition is so apparent that a reasonable person would recognize it.

Classification: **Class D County Offense**

#### **Sec. 4-105 Vehicle Removal and Disposal**

(a) When a Court orders removal of inoperable vehicles as a condition of probation under Article 15 and the defendant fails to comply, the Court may authorize Cherokee County to remove the vehicles.

(b) Vehicles removed pursuant to this section shall be disposed of in accordance with K.S.A. 8-1102 et seq. and any other applicable state law governing the disposal of abandoned or impounded vehicles.

(c) Before removing vehicles under this section, the County shall:

- (1) Provide the defendant with not less than ten (10) days written notice of the intended removal;
- (2) Conduct a title search for each vehicle, where practicable; and
- (3) Notify any lienholder of record.

(d) Vehicles with valid liens shall not be disposed of until the lienholder has been given thirty (30) days notice and an opportunity to claim the vehicle.

(e) Costs of removal, storage, and disposal shall be assessed as restitution pursuant to Sec. 15-105.

(f) This section shall not be construed to limit the authority of any law enforcement officer to impound vehicles under K.S.A. 8-1102 or any other applicable law independent of this Code.

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### **ARTICLE 5** **DANGEROUS STRUCTURES**

#### **Sec. 5-101 Dangerous Structure**

A person commits the offense of Maintaining a Dangerous Structure when such person:

1. Owns, occupies, manages, or otherwise exercises control over property; and
2. Knowingly maintains a structure that:
  - (a) Is likely to partially or completely collapse;
  - (b) Has failing structural components;
  - (c) Is unsafe or unsanitary;
  - (d) Is unfit for human habitation;
  - (e) Lacks adequate ventilation or sanitation; or
  - (f) Is manifestly unsafe for its intended use.

A person acts knowingly when:

- They are aware of the condition; or
- The condition is so apparent that a reasonable person would recognize the danger.

Classification: **Class B County Offense**

**Sec. 5-102 Abandoned Construction**

A person commits the offense of Maintaining Abandoned Construction when such person:

1. Owns, occupies, manages, or otherwise exercises control over property; and
2. A structure on such property is partially completed; and
3. Construction has ceased for six (6) months or more; and
4. Debris, unfinished structural components, or hazardous remnants remain on site.

A person acts knowingly when:

- They are aware that construction has ceased; or
- The abandonment is so apparent that a reasonable person would recognize the condition.

Classification: **Class B County Offense**

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**ARTICLE 6**  
**CRIMINAL USE OF PROPERTY**

**Sec. 6-101 Maintaining Criminal Nuisance Property**

A person commits the offense of Maintaining a Criminal Nuisance Property when such person:

1. Owns, occupies, manages, or otherwise exercises control over property; and
2. Knowingly permits, allows, or fails to take reasonable steps to prevent the use of such property for repeated criminal activity.

For purposes of this section:

(a) "Repeated criminal activity" means two (2) or more criminal violations under the laws of the State of Kansas or United States occurring on the same property within a twelve (12) month period.

(b) A person acts knowingly when:

- They are aware of such activity; or
- They have received notice of such activity from a Public Officer; or
- The activity is so persistent or obvious that a reasonable person exercising control over the property would be aware of it.

(c) The offense may be established by proof that:

- The same type of criminal activity occurred multiple times; or
- Different types of criminal violations occurred on the property.

(d) It shall not be a defense that:

- The criminal acts were committed by tenants, guests, or third parties; or
- The person did not personally participate in the criminal activity.

(e) A person may avoid liability under this section by demonstrating that, upon learning of the criminal activity, they took reasonable steps to prevent its continuation.

Classification: **Class A County Offense**

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## **ARTICLE 7** **FAILURE TO ABATE**

### **Sec. 7-101 Failure to Comply with Notice**

A person commits the offense of Failure to Comply with Notice when:

1. A Public Officer issues written notice identifying a violation of this Code; and
2. The person receives or is lawfully served with such notice; and
3. The notice specifies a reasonable time for correction; and
4. The person knowingly fails to correct the violation within the time specified.

It shall not be a defense that:

- The condition was caused by tenants, guests, or third parties.

A person may avoid liability by demonstrating:

- Substantial good faith efforts to correct the condition within the time allowed.

Classification: **Class D County Offense**

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## **ARTICLE 8** **INSPECTION AUTHORITY**

### **Sec. 8-101 Authority to Inspect**

Public Officers may inspect upon complaint, visible violation, or investigation.

### **Sec. 8-102 Entry**

Entry allowed by consent, warrant, or public view.

### **Sec. 8-103 Interference with Inspection**

A person commits the offense of Interference with Inspection when such person knowingly:

1. Refuses lawful entry to a Public Officer acting within the scope of authority under this Code; or

2. Obstructs, delays, or interferes with a lawful inspection; or
3. Provides false or misleading information to a Public Officer during an inspection; or
4. Removes, conceals, or alters conditions or materials for the purpose of preventing discovery of a violation; or
5. Threatens, intimidates, or attempts to influence a Public Officer to prevent or limit an inspection.

This section applies only when the inspection is:

- Conducted with consent;
- Conducted pursuant to a warrant; or
- Conducted in an area open to public view.

A refusal based solely upon the requirement of a warrant shall not constitute an offense.

Classification: **Class B County Offense**

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## **ARTICLE 9** **EMERGENCY CONDITIONS**

### **Sec. 9-101 Emergency Nuisance Condition**

An Emergency Nuisance Condition exists when property conditions present an immediate and substantial threat to life, safety, or property requiring prompt action to prevent injury, damage, or loss.

Such conditions may include, but are not limited to:

- Active or imminent fire hazards
- Structural instability or risk of collapse
- Health hazards presenting immediate danger
- Conditions likely to cause serious injury if not promptly corrected

A determination that an Emergency Nuisance Condition exists may be made by a Public Officer based upon:

- Personal observation;
- Credible complaint; or
- Investigation.

The existence of an Emergency Nuisance Condition shall not depend upon prior notice to the owner or person in control of the property.

### **Sec. 9-102 Emergency Authority**

When a Public Officer determines that an Emergency Nuisance Condition exists, the Public

Officer may take immediate action reasonably necessary to eliminate or mitigate the threat, including but not limited to:

- Securing the property;
- Removing hazardous materials or debris;
- Stabilizing unsafe structures;
- Ordering evacuation;
- Demolishing or disabling dangerous conditions where lesser measures are insufficient.

Such action may be taken:

- Without prior notice; and
- Without prior hearing;

when delay would increase the risk of harm.

Emergency action under this section shall:

1. Be limited to what is reasonably necessary to address the immediate danger; and
2. Not preclude subsequent criminal enforcement under this Code.

Nothing in this section shall authorize entry into a dwelling without:

- Consent;
- Warrant; or
- Lawful exigent circumstances.

#### **Sec. 9-103 Criminal Emergency Nuisance**

A person commits the offense of Maintaining a Criminal Emergency Nuisance when such person:

1. Owns, occupies, manages, or otherwise exercises control over property; and
2. Knowingly maintains property in a condition that:
  - (a) Creates an immediate threat to life, safety, or property; and
  - (b) Requires emergency action by a Public Officer to prevent harm.

Emergency conditions include but are not limited to:

- Fire hazards
- Structural collapse risk
- Health hazards

A person acts knowingly when:

- They are aware of the condition; or

- The danger is so apparent that a reasonable person would recognize the risk.

Classification: **Class A County Offense**

**Sec. 9-104 Post-Emergency Judicial Review**

(a) When a Public Officer takes emergency action under Sec. 9-102 that results in the destruction, demolition, removal, or material alteration of any structure or personal property, the County shall file a petition for judicial ratification with the Cherokee County District Court or Magistrate Division within five (5) business days of such action.

(b) The petition shall include:

- (1) A description of the emergency condition;
- (2) The specific actions taken;
- (3) The basis for the determination that an Emergency Nuisance Condition existed;
- (4) Photographs or other documentation of the condition, where available; and
- (5) The identity and contact information of the owner or person in control of the property, if known.

(c) The Court shall schedule a hearing within ten (10) business days of the filing of the petition. The owner or person in control of the property shall be given notice and an opportunity to be heard.

(d) At the hearing, the Court shall determine whether:

- (1) An Emergency Nuisance Condition existed at the time of the action; and
- (2) The action taken was reasonably necessary to address the emergency.

(e) If the Court finds that the action was justified, the Court shall issue an order ratifying the emergency action. Costs reasonably incurred by the County in taking emergency action may be assessed against the property as provided by law.

(f) If the Court finds that the action was not justified or was excessive, the Court may order such remedy as justice requires.

(g) Failure to file the petition within five (5) business days shall not invalidate the emergency action but may be considered by the Court in any subsequent proceeding.

(h) This section shall not apply to emergency action limited to:

- (1) Securing property by boarding, fencing, or barricading; or
- (2) Removal of materials from public right-of-way.

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**ARTICLE 10**  
**PENALTIES**

**Sec. 10-100 Class D**

Fine of \$92.

**Sec. 10-101 Class C**

Up to \$250 fine and/or 30 days in Cherokee County Jail.

**Sec. 10-102 Class B**

Up to \$500 fine and/or 90 days in Cherokee County Jail.

**Sec. 10-103 Class A**

Up to \$1,000 fine and/or 6 months in Cherokee County Jail.

**Sec. 10-104 Continuing Violation**

Every 7 days constitutes a separate offense.

**Sec. 10-105 Repeat Offenders**

A person commits a Repeat Offender violation when:

1. The person has been convicted of an offense under this Code; and
2. Commits a subsequent violation of this Code within twelve (12) months following the prior conviction.

For purposes of this section:

(a) The subsequent violation may involve:

- The same property; or
- A different property under the person's control; or
- The same or a different offense under this Code.

(b) Upon proof of a qualifying prior conviction:

- A Class D offense may be charged and punished as a Class C offense;
- A Class C offense may be charged and punished as a Class B offense;
- A Class B offense may be charged and punished as a Class A offense.

(c) The prior conviction shall be established by:

- Certified court record; or
- Admission by the defendant; or
- Other substantial competent evidence

(d) It shall not be a defense that:

- The prior violation occurred at a different property; or
- The subsequent violation involves different conduct.

(e) Each qualifying subsequent offense shall independently trigger enhancement.

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**ARTICLE 11**  
**LIABILITY**

Owners, occupants, and persons in control may be charged jointly with violations of this code.

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**ARTICLE 12**  
**APPEARANCE AND BOND**

**Sec. 12-101 Complaint and Summons**

Issued upon probable cause in compliance with K.S.A. 19-4706 through 19-4710.

**Sec. 12-102 Mandatory Appearance**

Defendants must appear. Payment alone is not disposition. Appearance shall be in accordance with K.S.A. 19-4711 through 19-4715a.

**Sec. 12-103 Bond Purpose**

Bond ensures appearance only and is to be ordered in compliance with K.S.A. 19-4711 through 19-4718.

**Sec. 12-104 Bond Forms**

Cash, surety, or recognizance and is to be ordered in compliance with K.S.A. 19-4711 through 19-4718.

**Sec. 12-105 Failure to Appear**

Bench warrant may issue in compliance with K.S.A. 19-4711 through 19-4718.

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**ARTICLE 13**  
**FIRST APPEARANCE**

Court shall inform defendant of charges, jail exposure, right to counsel, and set release conditions in compliance with K.S.A. 19-4711 through 19-4718.

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**ARTICLE 14**  
**PRETRIAL RELEASE**

Court may release defendant on recognizance or bond in compliance with K.S.A. 19-4711 through 19-4718.

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**ARTICLE 15**  
**PROCEDURE AND EVIDENCE**

Hearings, discovery, evidence, pleas, and trial shall be conducted in compliance with Chapter 19, Article 47 of the Kansas State Annotated Statutes.

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**ARTICLE 16**  
**JUDGEMENTS**

Judgements and convictions shall be conducted in compliance with Chapter 19, Article 47 of the Kansas State Annotated Statutes.

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## **ARTICLE 17**

### **COMPLIANCE-BASED PROBATION**

#### **Sec. 17-101 Authority**

Upon conviction or plea of guilty or no contest to any offense under this Code, the Court may, in addition to or in lieu of any other penalty authorized by this Code:

- (a) Suspend all or any portion of the sentence;
- (b) Place the defendant on probation for a period not to exceed twelve (12) months; and
- (c) Impose conditions of probation requiring the defendant to correct, remediate, or abate the conditions constituting the offense.

#### **Sec. 17-102 Corrective Orders**

As a condition of probation or suspended sentence, the Court may order the defendant to:

- (a) Remove, remediate, or abate specified conditions within a time fixed by the Court;
- (b) Remove inoperable vehicles from the property or bring them into compliance with Sec. 4-104;
- (c) Demolish, secure, or repair a dangerous structure;
- (d) Cease permitting criminal activity on the property;
- (e) Submit the property to inspection by a Public Officer at reasonable times to verify compliance;
- (f) Maintain the property in compliance with this Code for the duration of the probationary period; and
- (g) Take any other corrective action reasonably related to the offense.

#### **Sec. 17-103 Compliance Timeline**

- (a) The Court shall set a specific date or dates by which each condition of the corrective order must be satisfied.
- (b) The Court may grant extensions for good cause shown, including but not limited to weather conditions, financial hardship, or contractor unavailability.
- (c) A Public Officer may file a report with the Court at any time regarding the defendant's compliance or noncompliance.

#### **Sec. 17-104 Revocation and Enforcement**

- (a) Upon a finding of noncompliance with a corrective order, the Court may:
  - (1) Modify the conditions of probation;
  - (2) Extend the probationary period;
  - (3) Revoke the suspension and impose the original sentence; or
  - (4) Authorize Cherokee County, through its agents or contractors, to enter the property and perform the corrective work specified in the order.

(b) Before authorizing the County to perform corrective work under subsection (a)(4), the Court shall:

- (1) Give the defendant notice and an opportunity to be heard; and
- (2) Find that the defendant has failed to comply with the corrective order without good cause.

#### **Sec. 17-105 Cost Recovery**

(a) When Cherokee County performs corrective work pursuant to a Court order under Sec. 15-104(a)(4), the reasonable costs of such work shall be assessed against the defendant as restitution.

(b) Restitution under this section may include:

- (1) Labor, equipment, and material costs;
- (2) Disposal and hauling fees;
- (3) Contractor costs; and
- (4) Administrative costs not to exceed fifteen percent (15%) of direct costs.

(c) Restitution ordered under this section shall constitute a judgment of the Court and may be collected by any lawful means, including but not limited to:

- (1) Execution on the judgment;
- (2) Garnishment; or
- (3) Assessment as a special charge against the property to be collected in the same manner as taxes, to the extent permitted by law.

(d) The County shall provide the defendant with an itemized statement of costs within thirty (30) days of completion of the corrective work.

#### **Sec. 17-106 Dismissal Upon Compliance**

If the defendant satisfies all conditions of the corrective order within the time allowed, the Court may, upon motion of the defendant or the County:

- (a) Reduce the fine;
- (b) Terminate probation; or
- (c) Enter such other order as justice requires.

Successful completion of a corrective order shall be noted in the Court record.

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### **ARTICLE 18**

#### **APPEALS**

Appeals shall be conducted in compliance with K.S.A. 19-4737.

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### **ARTICLE 19**

#### **PAYMENTS**

#### **Sec. 19-101 Distribution of Costs/Fines/Fees/Restitution**

Any case filed under this will include court costs as enumerated in K.S.A. 19-4707.

Fines collected are to be collected and disbursed in accordance with K.S.A. 19-101e.

Fees and restitution are to be assessed, collected, and disbursed pursuant to Kansas State Statutes.

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**ARTICLE 20**  
**SEVERABILITY**

Invalid sections do not affect remainder.

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**ARTICLE 21**  
**EFFECTIVE DATE**

Effective upon publication.